

Matrizes no L^AT_EX

Moisés Medeiros de Oliveira

21 de abril de 2012

1 Matriz simples

Como um primeiro exemplo de matriz bem simples faremos uma matriz do tipo $A = 2 \times 2$.

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$$

2 Matriz longa

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

3 Usando os pacotes *pmatrix*, *bmatrix*, *Bmatrix*, *vmatrix*, *Vmatrix*

3.1 pmatrix

O pacote *pmatrix* gera uma matriz entre parênteses ().

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

3.2 bmatrix

O pacote *bmatrix* gera uma matriz entre colchetes \llbracket .

$$\llbracket \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{array} \rrbracket$$

3.3 Bmatrix

O pacote *Bmatrix* gera uma matriz entre chaves $\{\}$.

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{array} \right\}$$

3.4 vmatrix

O pacote *vmatrix* gera uma matriz entre retas verticais $\|$.

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{array} \right|$$

3.5 Vmatrix

O pacote *Vmatrix* gera uma matriz entre retas duplas $\| \|$.

$$\left\| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{array} \right\|$$

4 Matrizes mais longas

Para matrizes mais longas usamos os comandos *ldots*, *vdots* e *ddots* que representam respectivamente reticências na horizontal, vertical e na diagonal.

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{11} & x_{12} & x_{13} & \dots & x_{1k} & \dots & x_{1n} \\ x_{21} & x_{22} & x_{23} & \dots & x_{2k} & \dots & x_{2n} \\ x_{31} & x_{32} & x_{33} & \dots & x_{3k} & \dots & x_{3n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_{k1} & x_{k2} & x_{k3} & \dots & x_{kk} & \dots & x_{kn} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_{n1} & x_{n2} & x_{n3} & \dots & x_{nk} & \dots & x_{nn} \end{pmatrix}$$

